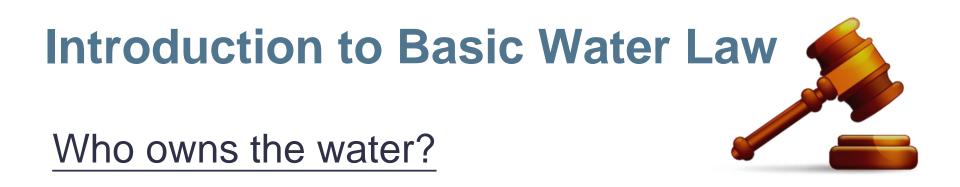
Washington Water Law and Seconday Use Permits

Melissa Downes LHG, Financial and Projects Section Manager Department of Ecology - Office of Columbia River CBDL Community Meetings – October 17, 2023





- Waters of the State are a natural resource held in common for the public good.
- An individual or entity can obtain the right to use water & put it to beneficial use, but as soon as the water is no longer used, it reverts back to "common public resource status".

Why are Water Rights Required?

Water rights are required by law to ensure proper allocation and management of <u>Washington's</u> water resources.



- Water rights establish priority dates which can be used to protect senior water rights water and instream flows – especially during times of drought.
- ▷ First in Time First in Right

Types of Water Rights

Water Right Permits

allow for water use development under the water code

Water Right
Certificates issue to
perfected rights under the
water code

Reservoir Rights allow for filling and storage of water **Secondary Use** Permits allow for the beneficial use of stored water (water use following the storage period) **Water Right Claims** were filed claiming established water use that occurred before the existing permit system **Instream Flow Water Rights** issue to protect rivers and stream levels

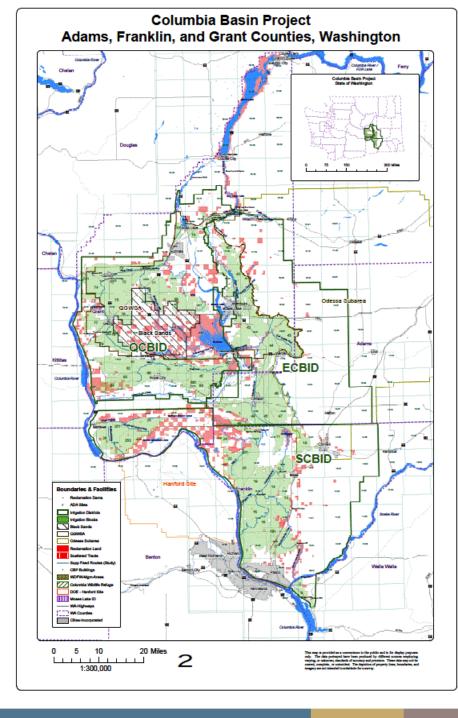
Grand Coulee Dam and Lake Roosevelt



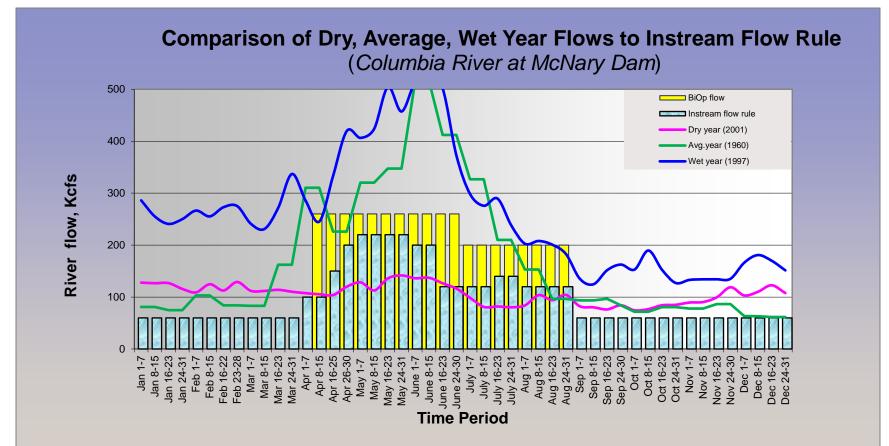
Photo credit: US Bureau of Reclamation

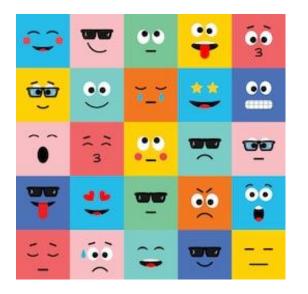
Columbia Basin Project

US Bureau of Reclamation holds the Secondary Use Permit(s)



Columbia River Instream Flows





Questions?

Melissa Downes, LHG – Financial and Projects Section Manager Ecology, Office of Columbia River <u>Melissa.Downes@ecy.wa.gov</u> (509) 480-0612

3

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